



PHYSICS

STAGE 3

FORMULAE AND DATA

2012

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Motion and forces in gravitational fields

Mean velocity $v_{av} = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{v + u}{2}$

Equations of motion $a = \frac{v - u}{t}; \ s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2; \ v^2 = u^2 + 2as; \ v = u + at$

Force F = ma

Weight force F = mg

Kinetic energy $E_{\rm k} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$

Gravitational potential energy $E_{p} = mgh$

Work done $W = F_S = \Delta E$

Centripetal acceleration $a_c = \frac{v^2}{r}$

Centripetal force $F_c = ma_c = \frac{mv^2}{r}$

Newton's law of universal gravitation $F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$

Gravitational field strength $g = G \frac{M}{r^2}$

Moment of a force (force at angle θ to lever arm) $\tau = rF\sin\theta$

Note: the variable t refers to the 'time taken' sometimes referred to as the 'change in time' or Δt .

Electricity and magnetism

Ohm's law V = IR

Magnetic force on a $F = I\ell B$ current-carrying conductor

Electromagnetic induction $emf = -N \frac{\Phi_2 - \Phi_1}{f}$; $emf = \ell vB$

Magnetic flux $\Phi = BA$

Electric current $I = \frac{q}{t}$

Work and energy W = Vq

Ideal transformer turns radio $\frac{V_{\rm s}}{V_{\rm p}} = \frac{N_{\rm s}}{N_{\rm p}}$

Power $P = VI = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$

Particles, waves and quanta

Wave period $T = \frac{1}{f}$

Wave equation $v_{\text{wave}} = f\lambda$; $c = f\lambda$

Internodal distance $d = \frac{1}{2}\lambda$

Energy of photon E = hf

Energy transitions $E_2 - E_1 = hf$

Motion and forces in electric and magnetic fields

Electric field strength

 $E = \frac{F}{a} = \frac{V}{d}$

Magnetic force

on a charged particle

F = qvB

Physical constants

Speed of sound in air at 25°C $v = 346 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Electron charge $= -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \,\mathrm{C}$

Mass of alpha $m_{\alpha} = 6.64 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

Physical data

Mean acceleration due to gravity on Earth.....g = 9.80 m s^{-2}

Mean acceleration due to gravity on the Moon..... $g_{M} = 1.62 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

Mean radius of the Earth $R_E = 6.38 \times 10^6 \,\mathrm{m}$

Mass of the Earth $M_{\scriptscriptstyle E}$ = 5.97 × 10²⁴ kg

Mean radius of the Sun R_s = 6.96 × 108 m

Mass of the Sun..... M_s = 1.99 × 10³⁰ kg

Mean radius of the Moon..... $R_{\rm M}$ = 1.74 × 10⁶ m

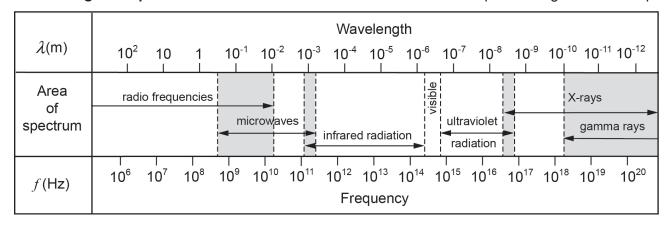
Mass of the Moon..... $M_{\rm M}$ = 7.35 × 10²² kg

Mean Earth-Moon distance = 3.94 × 10⁸ m

Mean Earth-Sun distance = 1.50×10^{11} m

Electromagnetic spectrum

Note: shaded areas represent regions of overlap



Prefixes of the metric system

Factor	Prefix	Symbol	Factor	Prefix	Symbol
1012	tera	Т	10-3	milli	m
10 ⁹	giga	G	10 ⁻⁶	micro	μ
10 ⁶	mega	M	10 ⁻⁹	nano	n
10 ³	kilo	k	10 ⁻¹²	pico	р

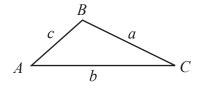
Mathematical expressions

Quadratic equations

Given
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
, $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Triangles

The following expressions apply to the triangle ABC as shown:

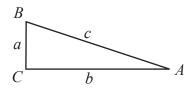


$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$a = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A}$$

Right-angled triangles

The following expressions apply to the right-angled triangle ABC as shown:



$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c}$$

$$\cos A = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$\tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$